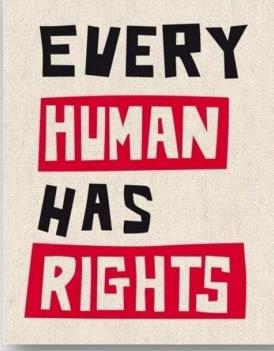
Declaration of Rights and Duties of Man and Citizen Constitution of the Year III (1795)





The French people proclaim in the presence of the Supreme Being the following declaration of the rights of man and citizen:





- 1. The rights of man in society are liberty, equality, security, property.
- 2. Liberty consists in the power to do that which does not injure the rights of others.
- 3. Equality consists in this, that the law is the same for all, whether it protects or punishes.
- 4. Security results from the cooperation of all in order to assure the rights of each.
- 5. Property is the right to enjoy and to dispose of one's goods, income, and the fruit of one's labor and industry.
 (...)



The declaration of rights contains the obligations of the legislators;

The maintenance of society requires that those who compose it should both know and fulfill their duties.

All the duties of man and citizen spring from these two principles graven by nature in every heart:

Not to do to others that which you would not that they should do to you.

Do continually for others the good that you would wish to receive from them.

Duties:

- The obligations of each person to society consist in defending it, serving it, living in submission to the laws, and respecting those who are the agents of them.
- 2. No one is a good citizen unless he is a good son, good father, good brother, good friend, good husband.
- 3. No one is a virtuous man unless he is unreservedly and religiously an observer of the laws.
- 4. The one who violates the laws openly declares himself in a state of war with society.

Malala: The girl who was shot for going to school • One year ago



schoolgirl Malala Yousafzai was shot in the head by Taliban gunmen - her "crime", to have spoken up for the right of girls to be educated. The world reacted in horror, but after weeks in intensive care Malala survived.



The Taliban pounded on the door just before midnight, demanding that Aisha, 18, be punished for running away from her husband's house. They dragged her to a mountain clearing near her village in the southern Afghan province of Uruzgan, ignoring her protests that her in-laws had been abusive, that she had no choice but to escape. Shivering in the cold air and blinded by the flashlights trained on her by her husband's family, she faced her spouse and accuser. Her in-laws treated her like a slave, Aisha pleaded. They beat her. If she hadn't run away, she would have died. Her judge, a local Taliban commander, was unmoved. Later, he would tell Aisha's uncle that she had to be made an example of lest other girls in the village try to do the same thing. The commander gave his verdict, and men moved in to deliver the punishment. Aisha's brother-in-law held her down while her husband pulled out a knife. First he sliced off her ears. Then he started on her nose. Aisha passed out from the pain but awoke soon after, choking on her own blood. The men had left her on the mountainside to die.

Limiting Freedom of Expression?



- It is illegal to threaten people because of their religion, or to stir up hatred against a person because of their faith.
- The offence to be intentional and specified that discussion, criticism, insult, abuse and ridicule of religion, belief or religious practice would not be an offence.

What Do You Already Know About Children and Armed Conflict?

What percentage of the casualties in World War I were civilians?
 a. 15% b. 50% c. 90%

2. What percentage of the casualties in wars today are civilians? a. 15% b. 50% c. 90%

Of today's civilian war casualties, what percentage are children?
 a. 15% b. 50% c. 90%

Approximately how many children worldwide are currently serving as child soldiers?
 a. 100,000 b. 300,000 c. 750,000

5. How many children have died because of war in the past 10 years? a. 500,000 b. 1 million c. 2 million

6. How many children have been forced to flee their homes because of armed conflict in the past 10 years?

a. 2 million b. 8 million c. 20 million

Answers

1. a. 15% 2. c. 90% 3. b. 50% 4. b. 300,000 5. c. 2 million 6. c. 20 million